

THE WEATHER

Cloudy Tonight and Wednesday

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS	
Silver	73 5/8
Copper	29-31
Lead	9 1/2
Quicksilver	\$125

VOL. XVI No. 259

TONOPAH, NEVADA, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 17, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

SUBMARINE SHOOT AT U.S. WARSHIP

DESTROYER SMITH ENCOUNTERS ENEMY CLOSE TO N. Y.

French Offensive Captures Forty Miles of West Front With 100,000 Casualties

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 17.—The British have advanced further in the neighborhood of Epehy. Rainstorms are hampering operations.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, April 17.—German counter attacks were repulsed last night with heavy losses to the Germans. The opening of the French offensive proved another crushing blow upon the western front when 40 miles of the strongest portion of the battle line was wrested from the Germans with an estimated loss of nearly 100,000 killed, wounded or taken prisoners.

The attack began on a 25-mile front from Soissons to Rheims. The

their furious attacks showed. According to latest reports, the Germans were bombarding the trenches furiously, attacking far into the night, but the French, so far, have managed to hold their gains. The advance averaged two to two and a half miles deep.

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, April 17.—"One of the greatest battles of a mighty war, therefore, also in the world's history, is in progress on the river Aisne," says an official report. The French threw fresh masses into the fray, and later attacked between Oise and Conde on Aisne. The artillery fight, which continued today, Germans knew it was coming as

level the positions and produced wide deep craters rendering our obstinate defense no longer possible. In Champagne this morning fighting between Prunay and Auberive developed, the battle line thereby extending from Oise into Champagne. Our troops anticipate with entire confidence the coming of heavy fighting. Where the enemy at a few places penetrated our lines fighting continues and fresh enemy attacks are expected.

The French attempt to break through yesterday failed, except in a few places, according to a German announcement, which says the enemy losses are heavy, over 2100 prisoners being taken. Fresh attacks are expected.

MINES LAID BY SUBMARINES FURNISH STARTLING PROBLEM

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, April 17.—Mines laid in the important British shipping lanes by the German U-boats are proving just as serious a problem to the Admiralty as the U-boats themselves. Sir Edward Carson, first lord of the admiralty, pointed out in a speech this week that "in olden times the laying of mines was dangerous, but it was nothing then to what it is now, when submarines are employed not only to sink ships, but to lay mines below the surface of the water."

Mines of this character have caused heavy loss in the English Channel since the submarine campaign began on February 1, and from the precarious way in which these mines were scattered, they were much more difficult to deal with than when placed by surface craft in more or less defined areas.

GRAND DUKES TURN OVER ALL ESTATES

RENOUCE THEIR RIGHTS TO OVER TWENTY MILLION ACRES OF PROPERTY

(By Associated Press.)

PETROGRAD, April 17.—The Russian grand dukes, who have just formally turned over their "appanages," or official grants, to the new government, have made a great financial sacrifice by this renunciation. The grand ducal estate surrendered aggregate more than 20,000,000 acres, including thousands of prosperous farms and many thriving towns and villages. The annual income from these estates is estimated at over 25,000,000 rubles.

The "imperial appanages," before the war, were controlled by the grand dukes, who have just formally turned over their "appanages," or official grants, to the new government, have made a great financial sacrifice by this renunciation. The grand ducal estate surrendered aggregate more than 20,000,000 acres, including thousands of prosperous farms and many thriving towns and villages. The annual income from these estates is estimated at over 25,000,000 rubles.

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MIKE REMINDED OF LOST PRESTIGE

INFORMED THAT HE IS A PROLETARIAT WHEN HE SOLICITED PRIVILEGES

(By Associated Press.)

AMSTERDAM, April 17.—When the Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich, brother of the former Russian emperor, was about to leave Gatchina for Petrograd recently, he asked the local workmen's union for a safe conduct, according to a dispatch to the Cologne Gazette. The union sent the following letter in reply:

"Citizen Michael Romanoff has no more right than any other Russian citizen to such privileges as a special train or a reserved carriage. He can therefore buy a ticket at the station like anyone else. If he does we shall guarantee that he can travel unmolested."

The Grand duke took a first-class ticket.

MINES DEPARTMENT FOR GREAT BRITAIN

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, April 17.—One of the topics to be discussed at the forthcoming conference of representatives of Great Britain's colonies is a proposal to establish a government department of minerals and metals for the purpose of developing the mineral resources of the empire. A branch of the department will be a bureau of mineral information which will supply facts as to all mineral deposits in the British Dominions.

BIG LOAN TAKEN UP BY SENATE

SENATOR STONE SAYS HE WILL SUPPORT IT ALTHOUGH HE DID NOT FAVOR BILL

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—Consideration of the seven billion dollar war finance bill began in the senate today. Senator Stone said he would vote for it, though he did not favor the way it was drawn. He approved the proposed allies' war loan. "This will not be a burden on the American people, provided we lose nothing on the bonds we secure. Having cast our fortunes with the allies we must aid them. I believe the present generation should largely pay for the war's expense. It is wiser, better and cheaper to pay as we go."

BALFOUR NOT HERE OFFICIALLY STATED

DENIAL OF REPORT THAT THE BRITISH COMMISSION HAD CROSSED ATLANTIC

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The state department announced today "so far as the department's information is concerned, the British commission, headed by Balfour, has not arrived in this country. Reports to the contrary are utterly false and made of whole cloth."

BREAD RIOTS IN BERLIN SUBDUED

INCLEMENT WEATHER DAMPENS THE ARDOR OF STRIKERS AGAINST REDUCTIONS

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, April 17.—A day of apprehension ended without alarming events. Threatened strikes due to a reduction of the bread ration materialized only in a portion of the larger factories. Inclement weather kept down demonstrations.

APPOINTED APPRAISERS

Archer W. Hendrick, president of the university, and J. W. Sifton, of Fallon, have been named as Berkeley land appraisers for the state of Nevada under the federal farm loan act.

(By Associated Press.)

REDDING, Cal., April 17.—The Native Sons unanimously chose Truett for their next grand parlor. Eureka was also an aspirant. The Admission Day celebration will be held at Sacramento.

Collapse of Grand Stand

(By Associated Press.)

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 17.—Twenty to forty suffered broken bones when a portion of the baseball bleachers collapsed at the opening of the American Association game. It is believed none was killed.

AUSTRIANS EAGER FOR WAR'S END

WILLING TO ACCEPT ANY PROPOSAL THAT WILL LEAVE TERRITORY INTACT

(By Associated Press.)

BERNE, April 17.—Peace and spring weather are what the Austrians most desire, according to an Associated Press correspondent. There is every indication that the government and people are willing to accept any proposal leaving Austria-Hungarian territory intact and making no claims for a war indemnity. Apparently there is no doubt they will keep on fighting unless these conditions are met.

STRANGER ROBBED AND MURDERED

MAN WITH MASONIC EMBLEM THROWN INTO OAKLAND ESTUARY TO DIE

(By Associated Press.)

OAKLAND, April 17.—Bearing every evidence of having been robbed and murdered, a body not identified, that of a well-dressed man, was found in Oakland estuary by a policeman a few moments after he died. Robbery was evident. A Masonic emblem bore the initials "A. D."

MAY DROP CHARGE AGAINST E. D. NOLAN

CAPTAIN OF DETECTIVES ASSERTS HE HAS NOT EVIDENCE ENOUGH TO CONVICT

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—Captain of Detectives Matheson recommended to the district attorney today that the murder charges against Edward D. Nolan, one of the five charged with fixing the preparedness bomb be dropped for lack of evidence. Fickert said he would not consider the suggestion until after the trial of Mrs. Rena Mooney. Nolan has been in jail nine months.

WARNING AGAINST TREASON AND ALL SEDITIOUS ACTS

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—Far reaching importance attaches to the direction of the warning to aliens and the declaration that "resident aliens as well as citizens owe allegiance to the United States," and therefore are equally subject to the laws against treason and like crimes.

At war, the United States is in a very different position from a neutral. Bomb plotters may now be gripped with an iron hand. Not only are conspirators themselves

GERMAN TORPEDO CROSSES BOW OF PATROL BOAT 30 FT. AHEAD ENEMY SUBMERGES AND ESCAPES

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—A German submarine today fired on the Destroyer Smith about 100 miles south of New York. The presence of American submarines in American waters indicates for certain that a blockade of Atlantic ports has begun.

The navy department announced: "It was reported from Fire Island lightship to naval stations at Boston and New York at 2:30 this morning that an enemy submarine was sighted by the United States ship Smith, which missed her by 30 yards. The wake of a torpedo was plainly seen crossing the bow of the destroyer. The submarine disappeared." The report was substantiated with

further details. Whether the appearance of the submarine foreshadows a sporadic raid or is the signal for a general submarine blockade is unknown. The attack is Germany's first recognition of a state of war.

Practically no American officials believed Germany's statement that no aggressive steps would be taken against the United States. It is expected that by a submarine attack on unprotected seaboard cities, or a raid on shipping, Germany will endeavor to terrify the people. It was rumored last week that Germany would declare a blockade of Atlantic ports and it is believed the lack of a declaration may be due to crippled communication. Without such a declaration Germany would incur great claims for damages to neutrals. The

question of where the submarines have their bases has been revived.

It is doubted whether a submarine could make a trip and return to Germany without a supply base somewhere on the Atlantic coast. Some think that mother ships accompany the boats with supplies, or that merchant submarines of the Deutschland type now convey fuel oil and supplies. It is possible that raiders have planted bases at large in the south Atlantic where it is suspected that parts of submarines shipped to Mexico were assembled. Officials believe probably there is a base in the Gulf of Mexico. The navy is confident of its ability to deal with the submarines though they expect some shipping will be lost if raiding is extensive.

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah:

	1917	1916
5 a. m.	22	46
9 a. m.	29	53
12 noon	31	60
2 p. m.	35	60
Maximum 10th	36	67
Minimum 16th	22	46
Relative humidity at 2 p. m.	72 per cent.	

BRITISH REPRISAL IN AN AIR ATTACK

SERIOUS CASUALTIES INFLICTED AS A PENALTY FOR SINKING HOSPITAL SHIPS

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, April 17.—Eleven persons were killed and 29 injured in addition to considerable damage to the university building by an air attack on Freiburg. British and French airplanes bombarded the university as a reprisal for German submarine attacks on hospital ships.

LIVERPOOL SUFFERS FROM BIG FROST

(By Associated Press.)

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—This city is suffering from a shortage in its water supply because of the demoralization to the water system caused by the bursting of pipes in 20,000 places during the recent prolonged cold spell. The engineering department has found it necessary to shut off the water all night and occasionally during the day over a large part of the city.

OIL FLOTATION TEST AT BUTTE

BUTTE & SUPERIOR COMPANY DEFENDANT IN AN IMPORTANT PATENT SUIT

(By Associated Press.)

BUTTE, Mont., April 17.—The trial of the suit of the Minerals Separation company against the Butte & Superior Mining company, for alleged infringement of patent, began in the federal court here today. It involves millions of dollars in royalties, and is generally known as the Butte & Superior case.

A feature of the trial will be the operation in the court room of a miniature oil flotation plant in order that the process itself, together with its evolution, may be visualized for the court. Work of the miniature plant, which it is said, has been assembled during the last few months at Anaconda, was started in the court several days before the opening of the trial. It is expected the trial of the case will consume at least one month.

EXTREME SOCIALISTS LOSE THEIR POWER

SENTIMENT IN FAVOR OF A LASTING RATHER THAN A PATCHED-UP PEACE

(By Associated Press.)

THE HAGUE, April 17.—International Socialists circles are gratified at the latest news from Russia saying the new regime is becoming firmly established with the power of Socialist extremists very small compared with that of those favoring a lasting, rather than a patched-up peace.

CONSUMPTION OF SUGAR IN ENGLAND LIMITED

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, April 17.—Manufacturers of jam, marmalade and condensed milk are exempted from the latest order of the food controller limiting the makers of articles for sale during this year to 40 per cent of the sugar used by them in 1915.

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States hereby issue this proclamation to call special attention to the following provision of the constitution and the laws of the United States: 'Section three, of Article III, of the constitution, provides in part: 'Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them or in adhering to their

PACKERS FAVOR FIXING PRICES

DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD CONSIDERED AT A CONFERENCE HELD IN WASHINGTON

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Legislation to empower the council of national defense to supervise the distribution of food and, if necessary, to fix maximum and minimum prices, has been framed as the result of a conference between the great Chicago meat packers and Secretary Houston, Armour, Cudahy, Swift and others assured their cooperation and voluntarily proposed that the government fix prices.

As their own "bit" in defending the nation, the packers offered a plan to distribute their products at a minimum profit, with an estimated saving of approximately \$100,000,000 annually.

Secretary Houston favors the plan and will have legislation drafted putting it into effect. Power is to be vested in the council of defense to be used only when national interest requires it, or when there is evidence of price fixing or a monopoly of the supply.

PARDON FOR BANKER

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—The president has pardoned Thomas Sheridan, a Roseburg, Oregon, banker, who was sentenced to five years imprisonment.

(By Associated Press.)

HEALDSBURG, Cal., April 17.—Robbers dynamited the post office safe early today, taking \$700 in stamps and \$200 in cash.

BUTLER THEATRE
TO-NIGHT
THEODORE LORCH ROAD SHOW
THEODORE LORCH
ROAD SHOW COMPANY
IN DOUBLE BILL
"DAMAGED GOODS"
The play written for a purpose. Not intended to offend. Must be regarded in the right light. Also, by special request, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," telling the entire story in 45 minutes. Reserved Seats, Miners Drug Store
Admission 25c, 50c, 75c
TOMORROW
THEA. BARA
In De Luxe production, "The Darling of Paris," from Victor Hugo's novel, "The Hunchback of Notre Dame."
Matinee 1:30, Night 7 and 8:30.
Admission 10c-15c